The following analyses are designed to provide further, restricting definition of the subject cohorts that will be included in analyses of dependent outcome variables. The definitions serve to modify the overall intent to treat models.

1. Modified Intent to Treat.
   In both Navigate and Community Care conditions only subjects who have evaluations at the 6-month time point are included. This model eliminates individuals who signed consent and completed baseline study evaluations but who did not fully validate research participation.

2. Per Protocol
   The Community Care condition cohort is defined as in 1 but the Navigate cohort is further restricted to those who had at least minimal exposure to the Navigate intervention. Only individuals who received at least the following Navigate services are included:
   - Three Compass visits (representing the psychopharmacologic component of Navigate).
   - Three visits representing one of the three psychosocial interventions (IRT, SEE or FE) in at least three of the first six months.

This model eliminates individuals in Navigate who did not receive a minimal exposure to the designed intervention and will answer the question of whether there was benefit to an intervention that included at least minimal exposure to a combination of pharmacologic and psychosocial treatment.

NB. For the Navigate minimum intervention cohort, we should also compute the number of contacts in each psychosocial intervention and the number of Compass visits.